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AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

(CURRENTLY AMENDED) Method of producing a classification

scheme for chemical compounds comprising clustering according to

similarity the biochemical response profiles of an organism as

determined by exposing said organism for a of period of less

than one generation time to a multitude of individual chemical

compounds.

2. (ORIGINAL) Method according to claim 1, wherein the

metabolism of the organism is quenched directly after

exposing time.

3. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) Method according to claim 1—or 2,

said clustering according to similarity

principal component analysis.

(CURRENTLY AMENDED) Method according to any one of the

preceding claims 1, wherein said chemical compounds are not

cytotoxic to mammalian cells.

(CURRENTLY AMENDED) Method according to any one of the 5.

preceding claims 1, wherein said organism is susceptible to said

individual chemical compounds.

6. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) Method according to any one of the

preceding claims 1, wherein said chemical compounds are

antibiotic compounds.

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7. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) Method according to any one of the preceding—claims__1, wherein said multitude of individual chemical compounds comprises reference compounds with known mode of action and wherein said profiles are reference response profiles clustered according to similarity in mode of action.

- 8. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) Classification scheme for chemical compounds obtainable by a method according to any one of claims 1—to 7.
- 9. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) Method of classifying a chemical compound, comprising the steps of:
- a) providing a classification scheme for chemical compounds by performing a method of any one of claims 1-6;
 - b) exposing an organism to said chemical compound;
- c) determining the biochemical response profile of said organism, and
- d) determining in said scheme the clustered position of said biochemical response profile.
- 10. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) Method of classifying an antibiotic compound according to mode of action comprising the steps of:
- chemical classification scheme for a) providing a compounds by performing a method of any one of claims 1-6, said chemical compound is an antibiotic wherein wherein said multitude of individual antibiotic compounds comprises reference compounds with known mode of action and wherein said profiles are reference response profiles clustered according to similarity in mode of action;
 - b) exposing an organism to said antibiotic compound;

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c) determining the biochemical response profile of said organism;

d) determining in said scheme the clustered position of said biochemical response profile, and

e) assigning to said antibiotic compound the mode of action of the corresponding cluster of reference response profiles or assigning to said antibiotic compound a new mode of action in case said position is outside any known cluster of reference response profiles.

11. (ORIGINAL) Method of analysing a mode of action of an antibiotic compound comprising the steps of:

a) performing a method of classifying an antibiotic compound according to claim 10, wherein the biochemical response profile is a transcription response profile, thereby determining for said antibiotic compound the clustered position of the transcription response profile;

b) identifying from said transcription response profile the genes of said organism of which the expression is substantially affected by exposure to said antibiotic compound and which characterize said clustered position, and

c) determining from the identity of said genes the cellular process affected by said antibiotic compound.

12. (ORIGINAL) Method of identifying a new mode of action of an antibiotic compound comprising the steps of:

a) performing a method of classifying an antibiotic compound according to claim 10, wherein the biochemical response profile is a transcription response profile;

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b) selecting an antibiotic compound of which the corresponding transcription response profile has a clustered position outside any known cluster of reference response profiles;

- c) identifying from the transcription response profile of said selected compound the genes of said organism of which the expression is substantially affected by exposure to said selected antibiotic compound and which characterize said clustered position, and
- d) determining from the identity of said genes the cellular process affected by said selected antibiotic compound thereby identifying the new mode of action.
- 13. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) Method of identifying the molecular target of an antibiotic compound comprising the steps of:
 - a) performing a method according to claim 11 or 12;
- b) selecting a group of potential molecular targets characterizing said cellular process affected by said antibiotic compound, and
- c) identifying the molecular target of said antibiotic compound in said group.
- 14. (ORIGINAL) Method of identifying a new metabolic route comprising the steps of:
- a) performing the method according to claim 9, wherein the biochemical response profile is a transcription response profile, wherein said multitude of individual chemical compounds comprises reference compounds with known mode of action and wherein said profiles are reference response profiles clustered according similarity in mode of action;

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b) selecting a chemical compound of which the corresponding transcription response profile has a clustered

outside any known cluster of reference

profiles;

identifying from said transcription response profile c)

said organism of which the expression

substantially affected by exposure to said chemical compound and

which characterize said clustered position, and

determining from the identity of said genes

cellular process affected by said chemical compound thereby

identifying a new metabolic route.

15. Method according to claim 2, wherein:

said clustering according to similarity comprises principal

component analysis;

said chemical compounds are not cytotoxic to mammalian

cells:

said organism is susceptible to said individual chemical

compounds;

said chemical compounds are antibiotic compounds;

Method according to claim 15, wherein said multitude 16.

of individual chemical compounds comprises reference compounds

with known mode of action and wherein said profiles

reference response profiles clustered according to similarity in

mode of action.

Classification chemical compounds 17. (NEW) scheme for

obtainable by a method according to claim 15.

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18. (NEW) Method of classifying a chemical compound, comprising the steps of:

- a) providing a classification scheme for chemical compounds by performing a method of claim 15;
 - b) exposing an organism to said chemical compound;
- c) determining the biochemical response profile of said organism, and
- d) determining in said scheme the clustered position of said biochemical response profile.
- 19. (NEW) Method of classifying an antibiotic compound according to mode of action comprising the steps of:
- classification scheme for providing a compounds by performing a method of claim 15, wherein said antibiotic compound, wherein chemical compound is an multitude of individual antibiotic compounds comprises reference compounds with known mode of action and wherein said profiles response according reference profiles clustered are similarity in mode of action;
 - b) exposing an organism to said antibiotic compound;
- c) determining the biochemical response profile of said organism;
- d) determining in said scheme the clustered position of said biochemical response profile, and
- e) assigning to said antibiotic compound the mode of action of the corresponding cluster of reference response profiles or assigning to said antibiotic compound a new mode of action in case said position is outside any known cluster of reference response profiles.

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20. (NEW) Method of analysing a mode of action of an antibiotic compound comprising the steps of:

- a) performing a method of classifying an antibiotic compound according to claim 19, wherein the biochemical response profile is a transcription response profile, thereby determining for said antibiotic compound the clustered position of the transcription response profile;
- b) identifying from said transcription response profile the genes of said organism of which the expression is substantially affected by exposure to said antibiotic compound and which characterize said clustered position, and
- c) determining from the identity of said genes the cellular process affected by said antibiotic compound.
- 21. (NEW) Method of identifying a new mode of action of an antibiotic compound comprising the steps of:
- a) performing a method of classifying an antibiotic compound according to claim 19, wherein the biochemical response profile is a transcription response profile;
- b) selecting an antibiotic compound of which the corresponding transcription response profile has a clustered position outside any known cluster of reference response profiles;
- c) identifying from the transcription response profile of said selected compound the genes of said organism of which the expression is substantially affected by exposure to said selected antibiotic compound and which characterize said clustered position, and

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d) determining from the identity of said genes the cellular process affected by said selected antibiotic compound thereby identifying the new mode of action.

- 22. (NEW) Method of identifying the molecular target of an antibiotic compound comprising the steps of:
 - a) performing a method according to claim 12;
- b) selecting a group of potential molecular targets characterizing said cellular process affected by said antibiotic compound, and
- c) identifying the molecular target of said antibiotic compound in said group.
- 23. (NEW) Method of identifying the molecular target of an antibiotic compound comprising the steps of:
 - a) performing a method according to claim 20;
- b) selecting a group of potential molecular targets characterizing said cellular process affected by said antibiotic compound, and
- c) identifying the molecular target of said antibiotic compound in said group.
- 24. (NEW) Method of identifying the molecular target of an antibiotic compound comprising the steps of:
 - a) performing a method according to claim 21;
- b) selecting a group of potential molecular targets characterizing said cellular process affected by said antibiotic compound, and
- c) identifying the molecular target of said antibiotic compound in said group.

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25. (NEW) Method of identifying a new metabolic route comprising the steps of:

- a) performing the method according to claim 18, wherein the biochemical response profile is a transcription response profile, wherein said multitude of individual chemical compounds comprises reference compounds with known mode of action and wherein said profiles are reference response profiles clustered according similarity in mode of action;
- b) selecting a chemical compound of which the corresponding transcription response profile has a clustered position outside any known cluster of reference response profiles;
- c) identifying from said transcription response profile the genes of said organism of which the expression is substantially affected by exposure to said chemical compound and which characterize said clustered position, and
- d) determining from the identity of said genes the cellular process affected by said chemical compound thereby identifying a new metabolic route.